



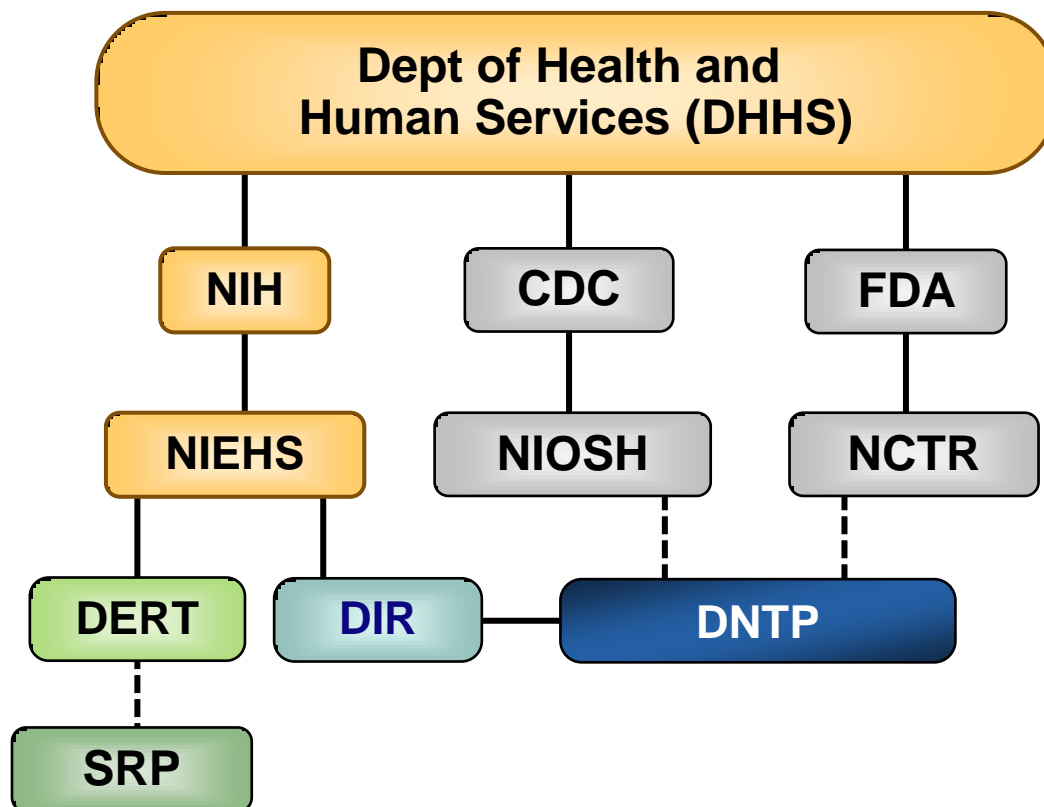
National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences
Your Environment. Your Health.

NIEHS Nanotechnology Research Update: Current Activities and Future Plans

Sri Nadadur, Ph.D

Program Director

ERTB/DERT/NIEHS

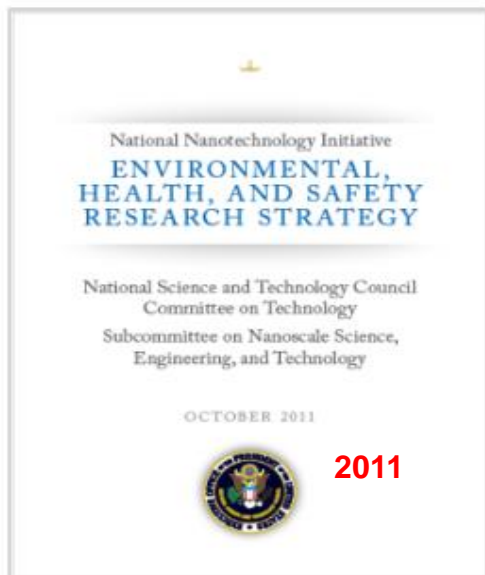


Mission: Reduce the burden of human illness and disability by understanding how the environment influences the development and progression of human disease.

NIEHS Nanotechnology Research program

- Division of Extramural Research and Training
- Nano EHS
- Nanotechnology applications
 - Sensors (environmental)
 - Personal monitoring (point of contact)
- Investigator-initiated research
- Request for Applications (RFA)
- Division of National Toxicology Program
 - Contract research
 - Peer reviewed research reports
- Division of Intramural Research
- Laboratory and clinical research

NNI Nano EHS Research Strategy : Focused areas



- ☐ Human Health ←
- ☐ Human Exposure Assessment ←
- ☐ Nanomaterial Measurement Infrastructure
- ☐ Environmental Effects
- ☐ Risk Assessment and Risk Management Methods
- ☐ Informatics and Modeling for Nano EHS Research ←

NIEHS Nano EHS Overarching Goals

- Gain fundamental understanding on the interactions between engineered nanomaterials (ENMs) – biology
 - Physicochemical characteristics
- Develop comprehensive toxicological data
 - Prioritize ENMs
 - Production, use, and physicochemical properties
 - Integrated approaches for hazard ranking
- Serve as reference data to address
 - Public health issues
 - Regulatory needs

ARRA Nano Grand Opportunity Consortium

Develop **reliable and reproducible methods** to assess biological response/toxicological endpoints for ENMs.

- Utilize ENMs with well defined physicochemical properties
- Develop **standardized protocols** and methods for ENM dispersal and characterization in cell culture media.
- ***In vitro and in vivo models*** that can reliably predict biological response and reproducible data across labs using well characterized ENMs

NIEHS Centers for Nanotechnology Health Implications Research (NCNHIR)

Administrative & Scientific Core

Project #1: *In Vitro*

Understand basic ENM-biological interactions (molecular, cellular, organelle, organ level). Diverse cell phenotypes, representing portals of entry

Project #2: *In Vivo*

Investigate how ENM PCPs influence physiological pathological outcomes in target/secondary organs; ADME, translocation across different organs



Consortium ENMs:
Silver (20, 110; citrate, PVP)
MWCNTs (3 AR)

33 ENMs, 18 sizes, 12 surface modifications
Metals (27), carbonaceous (6), QDs (3)

Risk Assessment

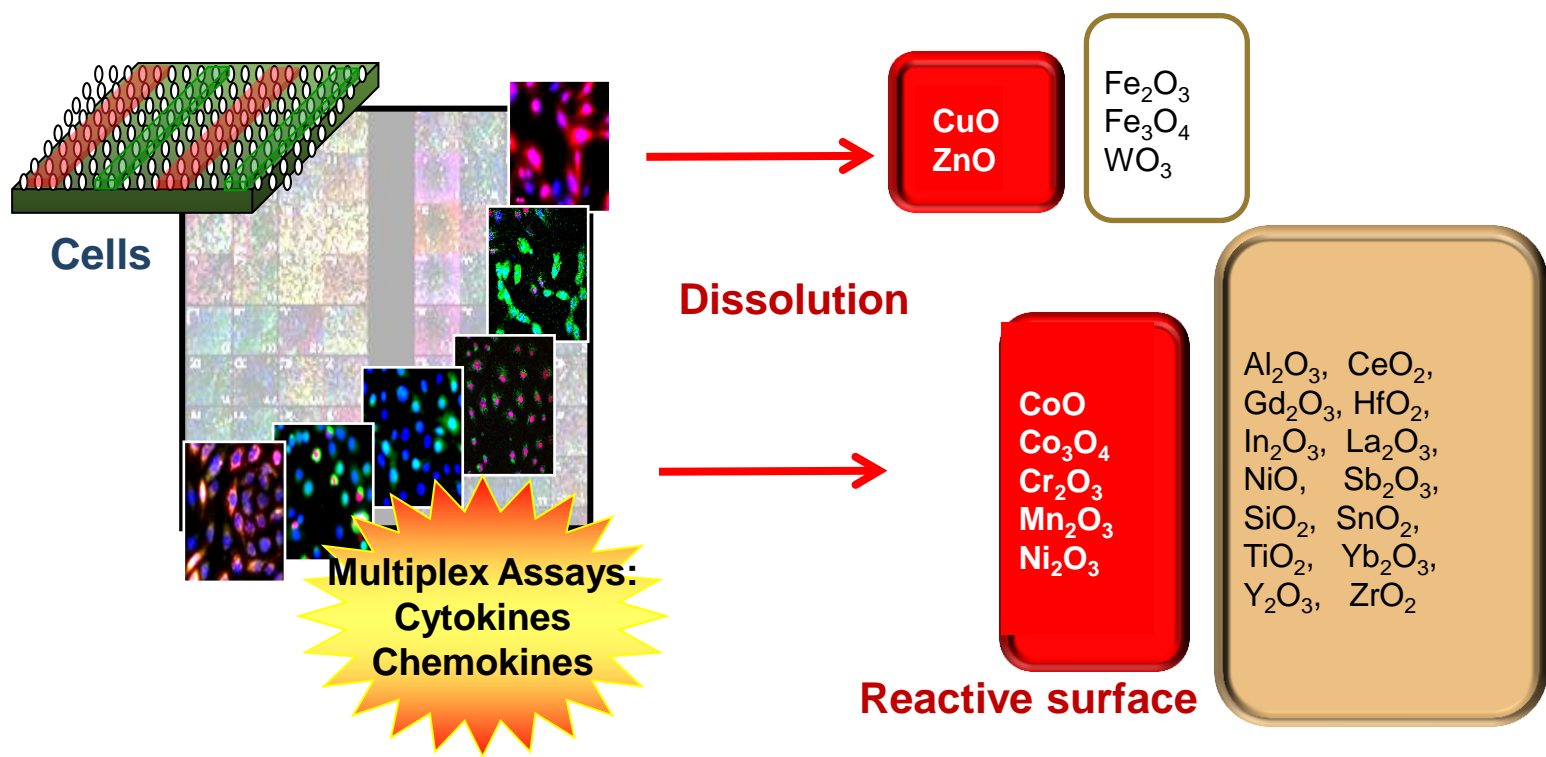
Project#3: *Risk Assessment Translation: Develop RA framework*

In Two phases:
Phase1: conceptual framework
Phase2: Collaborative/integrated

NCNHIR Consortium Highlights

- In vitro studies using four silver ENMs indicated:
 - Cell-specificity in acute toxicity responses
 - Role of protein corona
- High throughput screening of metals and metal oxides clearly suggested:
 - Initiation of acute pulmonary inflammation
 - Susceptibility to pulmonary infection

High throughput screening

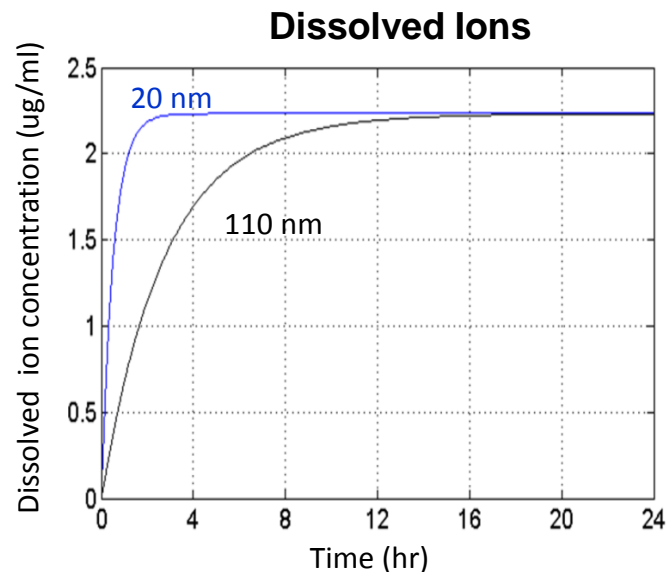
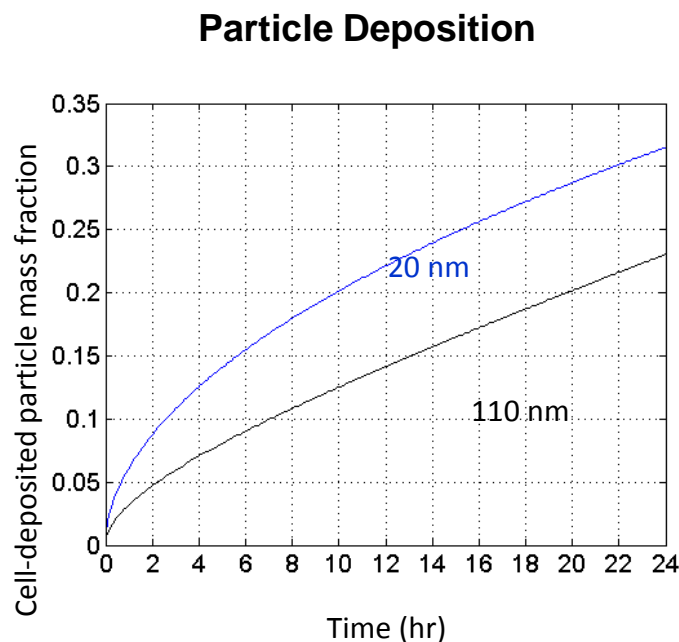
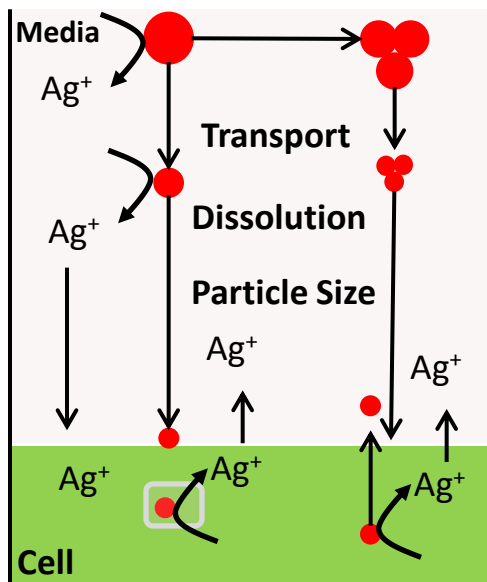


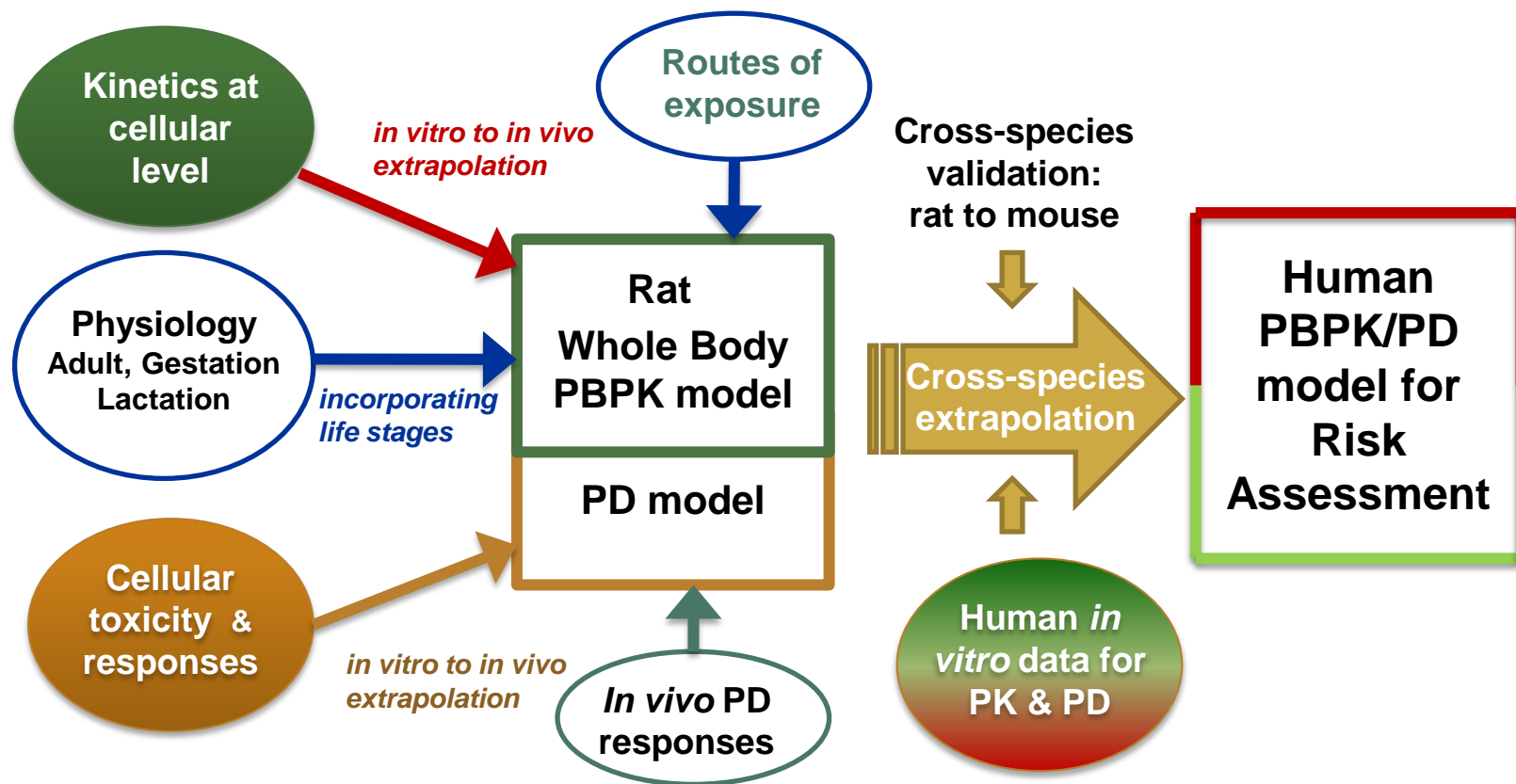
NCNHIR Consortium Highlights (2010-2015)

- In vitro studies using four silver ENMs indicated:
 - Cell-specificity in acute toxicity responses
 - Role of protein corona
- High throughput screening of metals and metal oxides clearly suggested:
 - Initiation of acute pulmonary inflammation
 - Susceptibility to pulmonary infection
- Studies with MWCNTs predicted fibrinogenic effects
- Species and strain specific acute pulmonary effects
- Acute vascular toxicity of Ag and MWCNTs
- Computational models (ADME, ISD3, BMD and QSAR)

Modeling Silver Nanoparticle Dissolution and Cell Dosimetry

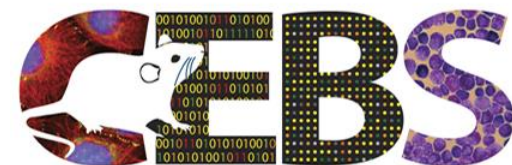
- To understand the role of cellular dose in the differential toxicity of silver NP, the consortium extended a NP dosimetry model to treat dissolution and transport of particles and ions into cells (**ISD3 Model**).
- Capturing the time-dependent dissolution of silver NP and transport of silver into cells in culture allows improved dose response and enables extrapolation to animal models and humans.



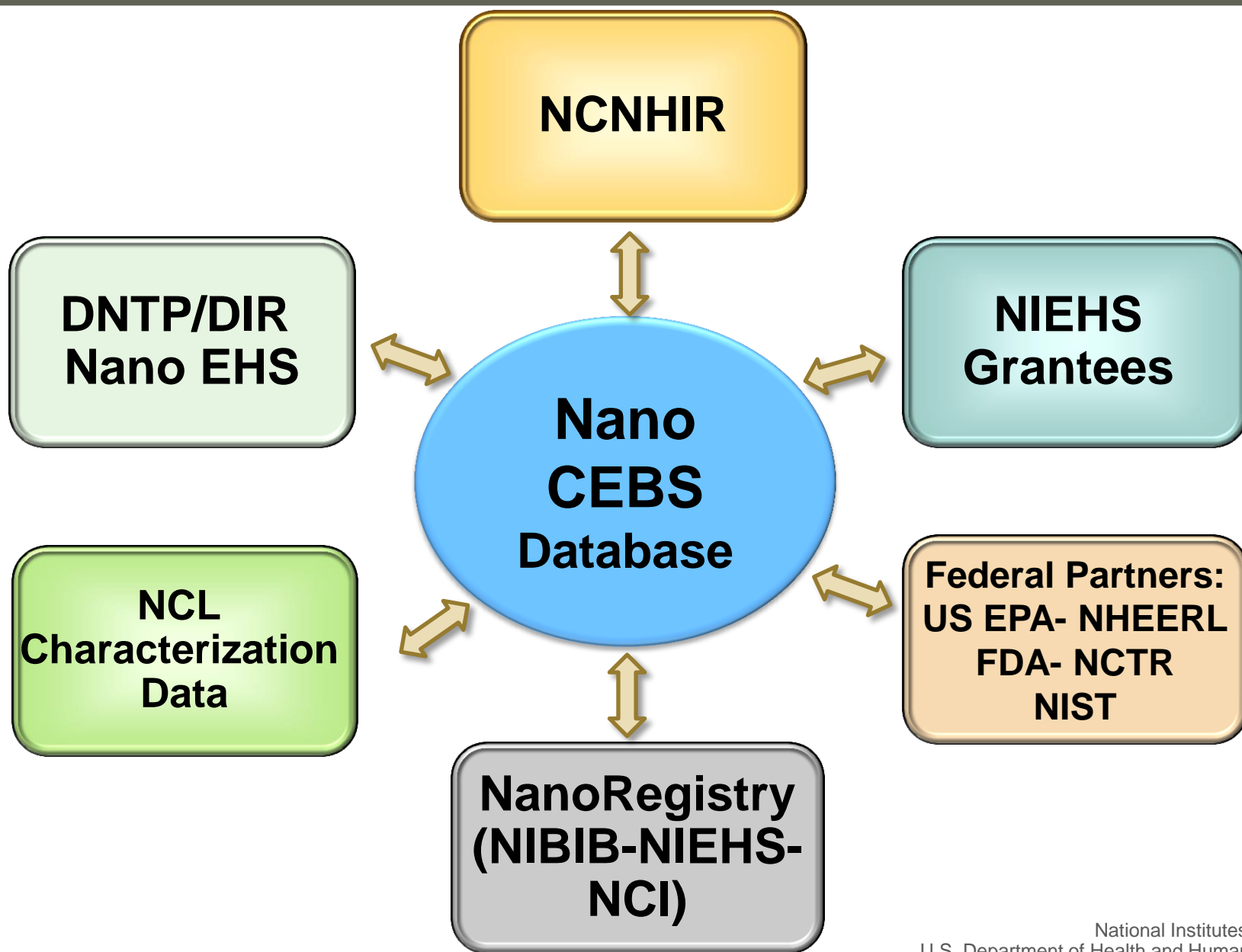


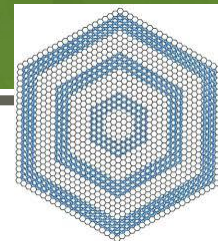
- C60 fullerenes Sub-chronic toxicity and immunotoxicity of Inhalation (50nm and 1um) and oral route- reports in prep
- Nano silver sub-chronic studies and toxicokinetics (completed), reports in preparation
- MWCNTs
 - PCPs of 24 commercial CNTs (Levine et al 2014)
 - Sub-chronic inhalation toxicity and clearance of a selected MWCNT completed and report is in preparation
 - 30 day functional immunotoxicity (inhalation) study will be initiated in spring 2015; NCNHIR consortium investigators will participate in these studies
 - Two-year chronic studies with MWCNTs to be initiated in late 2015

- Chemical Effects in Biological Systems database (CEBS) houses toxicological information of interest to health scientists.
- CEBS has a public and a private component.
- The public component houses over 9000 toxicological studies containing raw study data and metadata.
- Data from NTP Nano EHS and NCNHIR consortium efforts are being moved into CEBS and will be accessible to investigators/partners
 - Access to public as deemed fit
- <http://cebs.niehs.nih.gov>



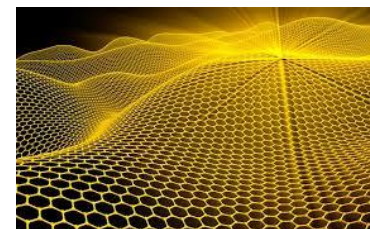
Chemical Effects in Biological Systems





Research Gaps and Needs to Be Addressed...

- Expand knowledge base to gain insights into ENMs-biological interactions
 - Diverse classes of ENMs, material properties, biological endpoints
 - Emerging ENMs (2D-, and 3D)
 - Identified based on input from NNI (regulatory agencies) and state of science
- Comprehensive toxicity profiles
 - Molecular predictive toxicological approaches
 - Animal models using multiple routes of exposures
 - Chronic- and sub-chronic studies
 - Develop predictive biomarkers- target and secondary organ response
 - Identify common mechanism(s) of action across ENMs and routes of exposure



Moving forward - Basic Research

- Focused approach
- A limited set of ENMs
 - Pre-identified with input from regulatory agencies
- Two components
 - Materials resource core center
 - Research projects
 - Utilize diverse routes of exposure, target organs
 - Molecular, pathophysiological approaches for comprehensive toxicity profile(s)
- Form consortium
 - Annual meetings
 - Opportunities for collaborative efforts

Future Plans - Exposure Assessment

- ☐ Support development of tools for measurement and monitoring ENMs and Nanoenabled products
- ☐ Detection
 - ☐ Particle number, size, surface area
- ☐ Quantification and speciation
 - ☐ Real-time and archived samples
 - ☐ Metals, metal oxides, CNTs
- ☐ Spatial and temporal distribution
- ☐ Discrimination from ambient combustion generated nanoparticles

Opportunities for Collaborations

- Mechanisms for sharing materials
- Inclusion of additional experiments
- Specific data needs of regulatory agencies
- Promote partnership with international collaborators
- Participation at consortium annual meetings
- External advisory committee
- Access to CEBS- Nano



National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences
Your Environment. Your Health.

Thank You